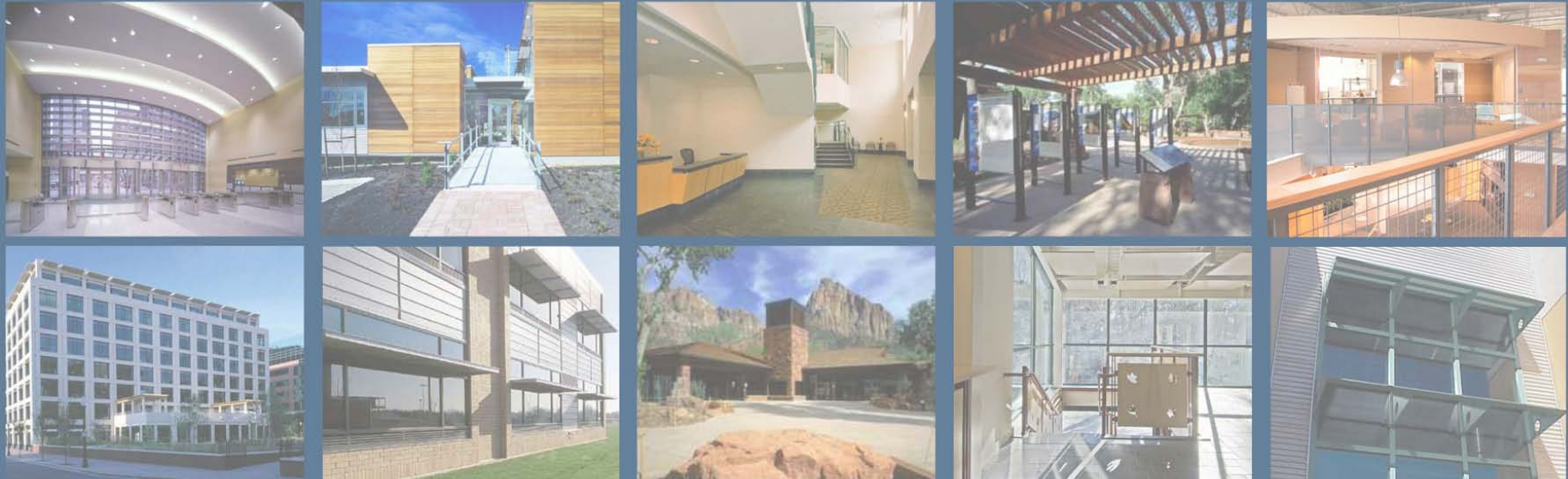


HVAC/R & Controls Supplier Summit: Partnering for Results



HVAC/R & Controls Supplier Summit
Orlando, Florida
January 28, 2010

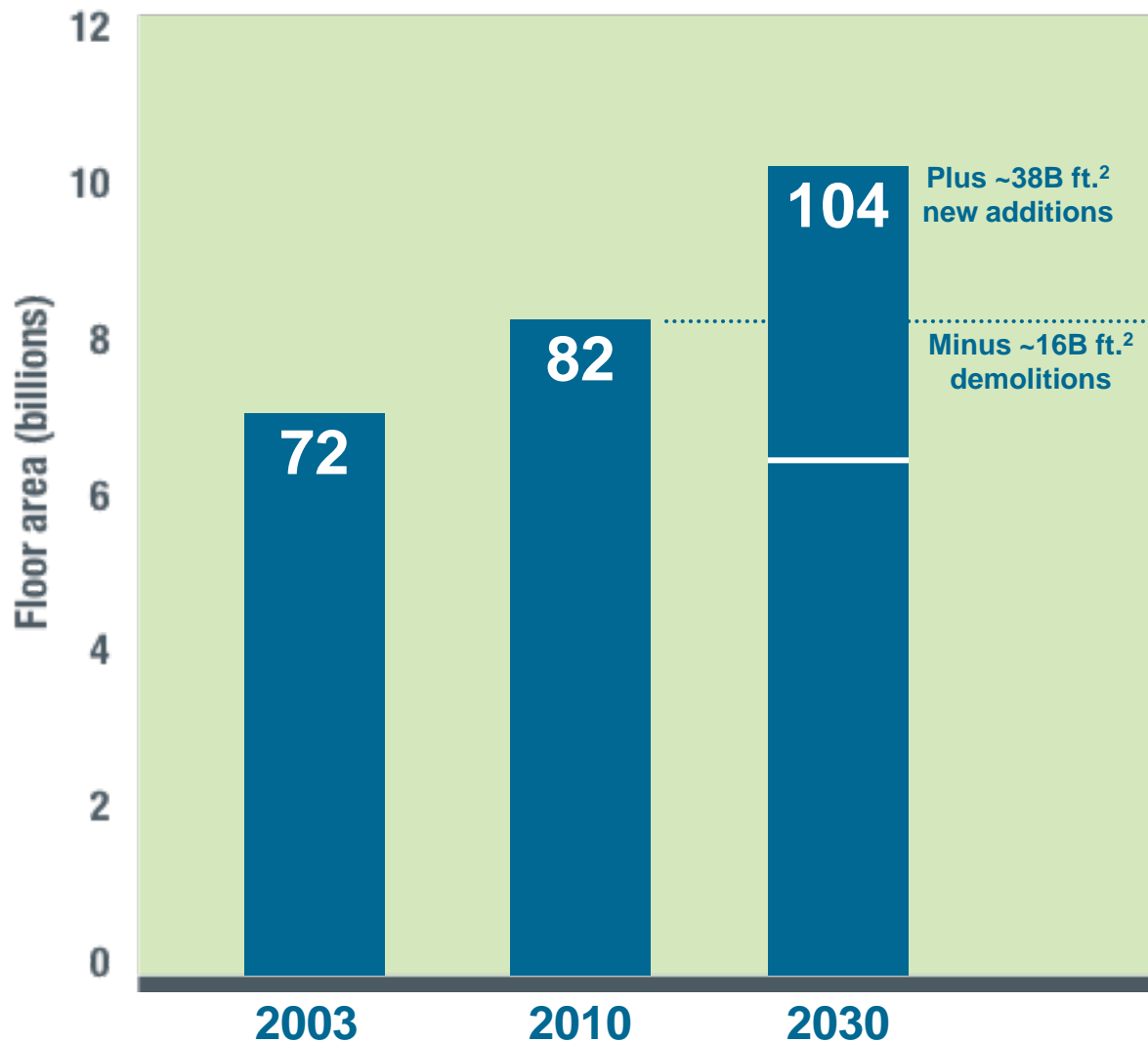
Dru Crawley, Ph.D.

U.S. Department of Energy
Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

- Commercial buildings account for:
 - 18% of U.S. energy
 - 18% of greenhouse gas emissions (~1,000 MMT of CO₂e)
 - slightly less than India's entire energy consumption and GHG emissions



Commercial Square Footage Projections



Source: EIA's *Annual Energy Outlook 2009*, Table 5.

- Market demand for tangible ways to increase energy efficiency is tremendous
- Strategies and technologies for commercial building energy performance are advancing
- Economic and environmental drivers are increasing
- Policy and legislation are playing a bigger role



EISA 2007

- established Net-Zero Energy Commercial Building Initiative
- requires existing federal buildings to use 50% less energy by 2015

American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

- set aside \$16.8 billion for energy efficiency and renewable energy
- \$2.5 billion of that allocated to Applied Research, Development, Demonstration, and Deployment

Executive Order 13514

- requires federal buildings to meet sustainability targets

American Clean Energy and Security Act *(in Senate)*

- would require increased stringency of ASHRAE 90.1: 30% now; 50% by 2016
- would establish incentive-based retrofit program for energy savings

Net-Zero Energy Commercial Building Initiative: Transforming the Built Environment

- Public-private partnerships promoting technology improvement and commercialization of advanced building technologies at accelerated pace
- Goal is enabling market-ready, net-zero energy commercial buildings by 2025
- Ongoing R&D and market engagement continually raise the bar on energy performance for today's buildings:
Impacting Building Energy Use Today!

Goals for Commercial Buildings



2050

All commercial buildings
are ZEB (EISA 2007)
83% reduction in U.S. GHGs
by 2050 (Obama)

2040

50% of commercial
building stock is ZEB
(EISA 2007)

2039

All New are ZEB (EISA 2007)
Stock energy performance
50% better w.r.t. CBECS 2003
(CBI Performance Goal)

2025

Improve New 70% with
5-year payback or less
(CBI Performance Goal)

2020

17% reduction in
GHGs rel. to 2005
(Senate Proposal)

2015

Improve New 50%
(CBI Performance Goal)



- High incremental first costs for energy-efficiency technologies and products
- Consumer concerns about quality and reliability (and warranties when purchased in bulk)
- Lack of detailed business case for energy-efficiency investments
- Dearth of customizable best practices and strategies on design, controls, installation, and commissioning of a particular technology

Informal associations among building owners and operators who want to reduce energy consumption

Goals

- Share best practices, energy-use measurement, and benchmarking
- Advance the business case for energy-efficient buildings
- Deploy advanced technologies through specifications and information-sharing
- Drive down costs by working with manufacturers and suppliers on the collective need for energy-efficient products and technologies: **Supplier Summits**

- Inform suppliers and manufacturers of CBEA members' short-term and long-term energy reduction targets
- Discuss ongoing projects of the CBEAs and national energy labs
- Address specific challenges to reducing HVAC's high-energy consumption
- Begin a conversation between commercial building owners and operators and manufacturers and suppliers of HVAC equipment and technologies

- Commercial building owners and operators know what they are looking for from the next great HVAC technology ... do you?

Thanks!

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Building Technologies Program

U.S. Department of Energy

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DOE Building Technologies Program

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Commercial Building Initiative

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